

ABB Column Definitions by Table

Table/Column Name

Definition

ABB_CourseSectionRegistrations

This table includes a record for every non-fee-based registration in a Course Section with non-exempt credits greater than zero in which each student is enrolled as of census day in a given quarter. The Curriculum Code provided replaces the actual curriculum of the Course Section with the permanent joint course Responsible course curriculum if it is a part of a permanent joint course group.

AcademicFiscalYr

Col# 001 DataType: smallint

An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.

For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).

AcademicQtrKeyld

Col# 002 DataType: int

The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.

SDBSrcSystemKey

Col# 003 DataType: decimal (9,0)

Unique applicant/student identifier assigned in SDB.

CourseSectionCode

Col# 004 DataType: varchar (16)

The concatenated Course Campus, Curriculum Abbreviation, CourseNbr, and SectionId with an underscore in between i.e. '0_BUS_101_A'. Useful for joining to other tables with CourseSectionCode. Note that the Curriculum Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed.

ResponsibleCourseSectionCode

Col# 005 DataType: varchar (16)

If the Course Section has an Official Joint Course Group, then this will display the Course Section that is officially responsible for that group. Otherwise, the actual Course Section Code will be displayed.

ResponsibleCurriculumCode

Col# 006 DataType: varchar (8)

If the Course Section has an Official Joint Course Group, then this will display the Curriculum Code that is officially responsible for that group. Otherwise, the actual Curriculum Code will be displayed.

PermanentJointCourseInd

Col# 007 DataType: varchar (1)

Indicates that this Course Section is a part of an Official or Permanent Joint Course Group.

Table/Column Name	Definition
CourseLevelGroupCode Col# 008 DataType: varchar (25)	Based on the Course Number, a grouping of courses into one of 3 levels to represent the level of student learning for which a course offering is designed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remedial (1-99) • Undergraduate (100-499) • Graduate and Professional (500 and above)
ABBSCHQty Col# 009 DataType: decimal (9,4)	The student's credit hours that apply to Activity Based Budgeting (ABB). ABB credit hours are derived from only those active course section registrations that are tuition-based and not covered by an exemption. They can be summed for a given student across all their registrations, or for a given course across all its active student registrations. E.g. 10 students in a 5.0 credit course section generate 50.0 Student Credit Hour (SCH).
ABBFTEQty Col# 010 DataType: decimal (10,8)	The Full Time Equivalency (FTE) of only the student's credit hours that apply to Activity Based Budgeting (ABB). ABB credit hours are those course section registrations that are tuition-based and not covered by an exemption. When the course is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An Undergraduate level course, the FTE is equal to the number of ABB credits divided by 15.0 • A Graduate or Professional level course the FTE is equal to the number of ABB credits divided by 10.0 These course section registration FTEs can be summed (grouping by student and quarter) in order to calculate the student's ABB FTE for the given quarter.
RegisExemptTypeDesc Col# 011 DataType: varchar (50)	The textual description of Registered Exemption Type Code which identifies the type of tuition exemption program for which the student is qualified. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Exempted • State Employees • Access (Senior Citizens) • Faculty • Professional UW Staff • Classified UW Staff • NULL
PercentTBCHExempt Col# 012 DataType: decimal (4,3)	Percentage of Tuition-Based Credit Hours that are Exempt (representing forgone Tuition Revenue). Exemption covers up to 6 credits for those who qualify. The percentage is calculated by summing all tuition-based course section registrations and if that total is less-than-or-equal-to 6 credits, all tuition-based credit hours will be exempt (100 percent); if the sum of credits >6, then those 6 exempted hours are divided by the sum of all the student's tuition-based registrations for the quarter. i.e. when a student has registered for 10 tuition-based credit hours and qualifies for exemption then the percentage is calculated as 6/10 or 60 percent. You can then take any of their individual tuition-based registrations and apply the percentage so that a 5 credit course would have 3 exempt credit hours and 2 normal/paid for credit hours.
SCHQty Col# 013 DataType: decimal (3,1)	The sum of course credit hours associated with students' active course registrations. E.g. 10 students in a 5.0 credit course section generate 50.0 Student Credit Hour (SCH).

Table/Column Name	Definition
FTEQty Col# 014 DataType: decimal (10,8)	The Full Time Equivalency (FTE) of the student's credit hours from the given course section registration. When the course is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An Undergraduate level course, the FTE is credits/15.0 • A Graduate and Professional level courses the FTE is credits/10.0 These course section registration FTEs can be summed (grouping by student and quarter) in order to calculate the student's FTE for the given quarter.
NonSummerInd Col# 015 DataType: varchar (1)	Indicates that the given Academic Quarter is NOT a Summer Quarter i.e. it is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. ABB calculations often exclude Summer Quarter, therefore filtering the data by simply requiring a Y value in this column, will appropriately achieve that exclusion. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this is a Non-Summer Quarter. It is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. • N = No, this is a Summer Quarter.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 016 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_CurriculumFinancialOrganizations

This table provides one set of mappings of a given curriculum to its associated Financial Organizations for a given Academic Fiscal Year.

AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year. For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).
CurriculumCode Col# 002 DataType: varchar (20)	The concatenated Course Campus and Curriculum Abbreviation with an underscore in between i.e. '0_BUS'. Useful for joining to other tables with CurriculumCode. Note that the Curriculum Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed.
FinOrgUnitNbr Col# 003 DataType: varchar (20)	The full 10-digit numeric code of the (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.

Table/Column Name	Definition
PrimaryOrgUnitInd Col# 004 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates whether this is the primary mapping of this particular Curriculum to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most curriculums map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it is marked Primary with a value of "Y" in this field (and the same record has a Mapping Index value of 1), but a few curriculums map to multiple Orgs and those will have additional, non-primary Orgs that have a value of "N" in this field.</p> <p>The Primary Organization is chosen by a coordinating effort between the Office of Planning and Budgeting and the main contact for the curriculum (or the Department or School/College to which it belongs).</p>
CurricMappingIndex Col# 005 DataType: tinyint	<p>An integer that represents whether this is the first, second, third, etc. mapping of this particular CurriculumCode to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most Curriculums map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it has a Mapping Index value of 1, but a few Curriculums map to multiple Orgs and this index will act as an incremental row number for the mappings belonging to the Curriculum in the given quarter. i.e. CurriculumCode O_G H mapped to 2 Orgs in 20161, the chosen Primary Org has a 1 in it's Mapping Index, while the other was assigned a 2 (if it had been split between 3 Orgs, then the third would have been assigned a 3). Note that while there is meaning in the Mapping Index value of 1 (it is the Primary Org), there is no difference in priority or importance between a 2 or a 3 or anything greater.</p> <p>One can then take the Maximum value of all of the mapping indexes for the Curriculum in the given quarter to determine how many mappings a given Curriculum has. i.e. SELECT AcademicQtrKeyId, CurriculumCode ,MAX(CurricMappingIndex) As MaxIndex FROM AnalyticInteg.sec.IV_Curriculum GROUP BY AcademicQtrKeyId, CurriculumCode ORDER BY AcademicQtrKeyId, CurriculumCode</p>
CurricMappingCount Col# 006 DataType: tinyint	<p>The total number of Financial Organization Departments to which the given Curriculum is mapped for the given AcademicFiscalYear. Most Curriculums are only mapped to 1 department, but some are a collaborative effort of two or more departments. Each department will have its own mapping record, but this count provides the total number of departments that this Curriculum is mapped to at the given point in time.</p>
OwnerPercent Col# 007 DataType: decimal (5,2)	<p>(NOT CURRENTLY USED FOR ANY APPROVED CALCULATIONS - STRICTLY HYPOTHETICAL) A number between 0.01 and 100.00 that represents the percentage of a given Major's metrics that could be attributed to the associated (financial) Organization in a given quarter WITHOUT DUPLICATING the metrics.</p> <p>Currently ABB and other metrics do not use this percentage for any of their calculations. This is provided for possible future use in case the UW ever decided to attribute Major-based metrics differently when a Major maps to multiple Orgs.</p> <p>Most Majors map to only 1 Organization, so most of these percentages are 100.00. For those with multiple mappings, the percentage is calculated by dividing it evenly if possible i.e. 50.00 for 2 Orgs, 20.00 for 5 Orgs. If an even dividing is impossible, the excess remainder gets added to the primary org (i.e. for a 3-way division, the primary gets 33.34 and the other 2 get 33.33, or for a 6-way division the primary gets 16.70 and the other 5 get 16.66).</p> <p>All Majors should have their Owner Percent's sum to 100.00 exactly for every quarter.</p>
CurriculumCampus Col# 008 DataType: tinyint	<p>The code for the campus at which the course section is offered and to which the associated Curriculum belongs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)

Table/Column Name	Definition
CurriculumAbbrCode Col# 009 DataType: char (6)	The abbreviation for the curriculum. The course "prefix" used in course Time Schedule entries. Six characters long including trailing and internal spaces.
ActiveCurriculumInd Col# 010 DataType: char (1)	Indicates that the Curriculum Abbr and Campus combination was a valid Curriculum for Course Sections to be offered in as of the census day of the given academic quarter. Note that this indicator should only be used for informational purposes only (it should NOT be used to exclude inactive Curriculums as you will likely then be excluding any course sections offered in those Curriculums). There is also a small chance that a given Curriculum might have been reactivated after census day but before the end of the quarter, or the Active status could have been erroneously input into the source system early in the quarter and corrected after census day (meaning that the Active Indicator will always display that error for that record)
CurriculumName Col# 011 DataType: varchar (24)	The name of the Curriculum in all capital letters that should describe this Campus-Curriculum Abbreviation combination. Limited to 24 characters long.
CurriculumShortName Col# 012 DataType: varchar (12)	The shortened name of the Curriculum in all capital letters that should describe this Campus-Curriculum Abbreviation combination. Limited to 12 characters long.
CurriculumFullName Col# 013 DataType: varchar (40)	The Most descriptive/longest name of the Curriculum that should describe this Campus-Curriculum Abbreviation combination. Most of the time in all capital letters, sometimes in Title Case. Limited to 40 characters long.
CurriculumCIPCode Col# 014 DataType: varchar (6)	The 6 character Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Code assigned to this Campus-Curriculum Abbreviation combination to denote the specific discipline or subject area that the Curriculum best fits into. See CIP Codes for more information.
CIPSeriesYr Col# 015 DataType: smallint	The year that the set of CIP Codes was released for use by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
CIPTitle Col# 016 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
CIPFamily2DigitCode Col# 017 DataType: varchar (2)	A value used to represent the top level of the CIP Code taxonomy: 2-digit, 4-digit and CIP Code (6-digit). The two-digit code represents the most general/highest level of groupings of related programs.
CIPFamily2DigitTitle Col# 018 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the 2-digit CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

Table/Column Name	Definition
CIPFamily4DigitTitle Col# 019 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the 4-digit CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
FederalSTEMInd Col# 020 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a classification of a program of study (CIP Code) that is in the Sciences, Technology, Math, and Engineering group of disciplines as defined by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.
WASStateHighDemandInd Col# 021 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a classification of a program of study that is considered in high demand in WA state as derived from the 2011 Legislative Bill 1795.
WASStateCSRDESTEMInd Col# 022 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the Consortium for Student Retention Data Exchange (CSRDE). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level.
WASStateNSFSTEMInd Col# 023 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the National Science Foundation (NSF). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level
WASStateOFMSTEMInd Col# 024 DataType: varchar (3)	A program of study identified as a STEM field according to the State of Washington, Office of Fiscal management (OFM).
WASStateSMARTSTEMInd Col# 025 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the U.S. Department of Education, National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant (SMART). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level.
FinCampusName Col# 026 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the particular UW Campus that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bothell Campus • Seattle Campus • Tacoma Campus
FinCampusNbr Col# 027 DataType: varchar (20)	Financial Campus Number is actually a 3 character text code that represents a particular campus of the university that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code. In the FinOrgCode hierarchy, the Campus is a major organizational level between College and University. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEA = Seattle • BOT = Bothell • TAC = Tacoma

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinCampusReportingName Col# 028 DataType: varchar (200)	The full and complete name of the Campus for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinCollegeNbr Col# 029 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of a (financial) Organization that is below a campus, but above a sub college or department level. Usually explicit to the 3-digit level with 7 trailing zeros.
FinCollegeName Col# 030 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the College level (financial) Organization. The College level is below a campus, but above a sub-college or department.
FinCollegeReportingName Col# 031 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinSubCollegeNbr Col# 032 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization that is below a college, but above a department level. Usually explicit to the 5-digit level with 5 trailing zeros.
FinSubCollegeName Col# 033 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization. The Sub-College level is below a college, but above a department.
FinSubCollegeReportingName Col# 034 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinDepartmentNbr Col# 035 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department. Usually explicit to the 7-digit level with 3 trailing zeros.
FinDepartmentName Col# 036 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department.
FinDepartmentReportingName Col# 037 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinSubDeptNbr Col# 038 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinSubDeptName Col# 039 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the (financial) Organization hierarchy (directly below a Department).
FinSubDeptReportingName Col# 040 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.
FinOrgStatusCode Col# 041 DataType: varchar (10)	The (financial) Organization Status Code provides one of 3 possible statuses for the given financial organization code. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active= This Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • ExpN = This Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium to which the given year and quarter belong. No more budgets can be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculumms mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg • NoBudget = No Budgets may be associated with this Organization Code for the purpose of budgeting, expenditure or collecting revenue.
FinOrgActiveInd Col# 042 DataType: char (1)	Indicates the (financial) Organization is active. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y= Yes this Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • N= No this Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium within which the given year and quarter exist. No more budgets should be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculumms mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg
ABBStatus Col# 043 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>In order to provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, we are loading temporary data (labeled asTentative) for the current Academic Fiscal Year that is refreshed/updated on every Summer, Autumn and Winter census day. On Spring census day, the data for the given Academic Fiscal Year is update, frozen and labeled asFixed and Final i.e. they will not be updated after that point and can be relied upon to return identical data for reporting.</p> <p>For example in Summer 2017, Summer 2017 will be loaded for AcademicFiscalYr=2018 (it will be labeled as Tentative--all prior quarters would have previously been loaded as Fixed and Final). In Autumn 2017, Autumn 2017 data will be loaded to overwrite Summer 2017 data for AcademicFiscalYr=2018. In Winter 2018, Winter 2018 data will be loaded to overwrite Autumn of 2017 for AcademicFiscalYr=2018. In Spring 2018, Winter 2018 data will all be overwritten by Spring 2018 data which will be loaded as Fixed and Final data for AcademicFiscalYr=2018.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 044 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_DegreeFinancialOrganizations

This table provides one set of mappings of a given degree to its associated Financial Organizations for a given Academic Fiscal Year.

Table/Column Name	Definition
AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.</p> <p>For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).</p>
DegreeCode Col# 002 DataType: varchar (25)	<p>Code that fully identifies a particular Degree or Degree Program. It consists of the concatenated DegreeCampus, DegreeAbbr, DegreePathwayNum, DegreeLevel, and DegreeType (each separated by underscores) e.g. "O_LAW_00_6_3". Note that the DegreeAbbr has had trailing spaces removed and the DegreePathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.</p>
FinOrgUnitNbr Col# 003 DataType: varchar (20)	<p>The full 10-digit numeric code of the (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.</p>
PrimaryOrgUnitInd Col# 004 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates whether this is the primary mapping of this particular Curriculum to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most curriculums map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it is marked Primary with a value of "Y" in this field (and the same record has a Mapping Index value of 1), but a few curriculums map to multiple Orgs and those will have additional, non-primary Orgs that have a value of "N" in this field.</p> <p>The Primary Organization is chosen by a coordinating effort between the Office of Planning and Budgeting and the main contact for the curriculum (or the Department or School/College to which it belongs).</p>
DegreeMappingIndex Col# 005 DataType: tinyint	<p>An integer that represents whether this is the first, second, third, etc. mapping of this particular DegreeCode to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most Degrees map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it has a Mapping Index value of 1, but a few Degrees map to multiple Orgs and this index will act as an incremental row number for the mappings belonging to the Degree in the given quarter. i.e. DegreeCode 0_GLOBLH_1_2_7 mapped to 2 Orgs in 20162, the chosen Primary Org has a 1 in it's Mapping Index, while the other was assigned a 2 (if it had been split between 3 Orgs, then the third would have been assigned a 3). Note that while there is meaning in the Mapping Index value of 1 (it is the Primary Org), there is no difference in priority or importance between a 2 or a 3 or anything greater.</p> <p>One can then take the Maximum value of all of the mapping indexes for the Degree in the given quarter to determine how many mappings a given major has. i.e. SELECT AcademicQtrKeyId, DegreeCode ,MAX(DegreeMappingIndex) As MaxIndex FROM AnalyticInteg.sec.IV_Degree GROUP BY AcademicQtrKeyId, DegreeCode ORDER BY AcademicQtrKeyId, DegreeCode</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
DegreeMappingCount Col# 006 DataType: tinyint	The total number of Financial Organization Departments to which the given Degree is mapped for the given AcademicFiscalYear. Most Degrees are only mapped to 1 department, but some Degree Programs are a collaborative effort of two or more departments. Each department will have its own mapping record, but this count provides the total number of departments that this Degree is mapped to at the given point in time.
OwnerPercent Col# 007 DataType: decimal (5,2)	(NOT CURRENTLY USED FOR ANY APPROVED CALCULATIONS - STRICTLY HYPOTHETICAL) A number between 0.01 and 100.00 that represents the percentage of a given Major's metrics that could be attributed to the associated (financial) Organization in a given quarter WITHOUT DUPLICATING the metrics. Currently ABB and other metrics do not use this percentage for any of their calculations. This is provided for possible future use in case the UW ever decided to attribute Major-based metrics differently when a Major maps to multiple Orgs. Most Majors map to only 1 Organization, so most of these percentages are 100.00. For those with multiple mappings, the percentage is calculated by dividing it evenly if possible i.e. 50.00 for 2 Orgs, 20.00 for 5 Orgs. If an even dividing is impossible, the excess remainder gets added to the primary org (i.e. for a 3-way division, the primary gets 33.34 and the other 2 get 33.33, or for a 6-way division the primary gets 16.70 and the other 5 get 16.66). All Majors should have their Owner Percent's sum to 100.00 exactly for every quarter.
DegreeCampus Col# 008 DataType: tinyint	Code that identifies the campus from which this degree was administered and granted. Comprises the first part of both the MajorCode and the DegreeCode. Valid Values: 0=Seattle 1=Bothell 2=Tacoma
DegreeAbbrCode Col# 009 DataType: char (6)	Abbreviation for the degree's Major Name. Limited to 6 characters.
DegreePathwayNum Col# 010 DataType: smallint	A number that specifies the particular instantiation of a Degree's Major Abbreviation. Typically denoting an area of specialization within the more encompassing (Degree) Major Abbreviation, but in practice has been used to track other types of differences than program content.
DegreeLevelCode Col# 011 DataType: smallint	A numeric code that represents the level of the degree but only serves as one component of determining
DegreeTypeCode Col# 012 DataType: smallint	A numeric code that is used in conjunction with the Degree Level Code to represent the category of degree like Arts or Sciences. Not all degree types apply to all degree levels.

Table/Column Name	Definition
ActiveDegreeInd Col# 013 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates that the Degree Abbr, Pathway, level and type combination was a valid degree program for students to enter as of the census day of the given academic quarter. Students may still graduate in a given degree program even after it is labeled Inactive.</p> <p>Note that this indicator should only be used for informational purposes only (it should NOT be used to exclude inactive degrees as you will likely then be excluding any students that graduate in those degrees). There is also a small chance that a given Degree might have been reactivated after census day but before the end of the quarter, or the Active status could have been erroneously input into the source system early in the quarter and corrected after census day (meaning that the Active Indicator will always display that error for that record)</p>
DegreeTitle Col# 014 DataType: varchar (60)	<p>Formal title of the particular Degree awarded.</p>
DegreeOnlineOnlyInd Col# 015 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates that the degree program can be completed through online coursework alone.</p>
FinCampusName Col# 016 DataType: varchar (50)	<p>The name of the particular UW Campus that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bothell Campus • Seattle Campus • Tacoma Campus
FinCampusNbr Col# 017 DataType: varchar (20)	<p>Financial Campus Number is actually a 3 character text code that represents a particular campus of the university that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code. In the FinOrgCode hierarchy, the Campus is a major organizational level between College and University.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEA = Seattle • BOT = Bothell • TAC = Tacoma
FinCampusReportingName Col# 018 DataType: varchar (200)	<p>The full and complete name of the Campus for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.</p>
FinCollegeNbr Col# 019 DataType: varchar (20)	<p>The numeric code of a (financial) Organization that is below a campus, but above a sub college or department level. Usually explicit to the 3-digit level with 7 trailing zeros.</p>
FinCollegeName Col# 020 DataType: varchar (50)	<p>The name of the College level (financial) Organization. The College level is below a campus, but above a sub-college or department.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinCollegeReportingName Col# 021 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.
FinSubCollegeNbr Col# 022 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization that is below a college, but above a department level. Usually explicit to the 5-digit level with 5 trailing zeros.
FinSubCollegeName Col# 023 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization. The Sub-College level is below a college, but above a department.
FinSubCollegeReportingName Col# 024 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.
FinDepartmentNbr Col# 025 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department. Usually explicit to the 7-digit level with 3 trailing zeros.
FinDepartmentName Col# 026 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department.
FinDepartmentReportingName Col# 027 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.
FinSubDeptNbr Col# 028 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.
FinSubDeptName Col# 029 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the (financial) Organization hierarchy (directly below a Department).
FinSubDeptReportingName Col# 030 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinOrgStatusCode Col# 031 DataType: varchar (10)	The (financial) Organization Status Code provides one of 3 possible statuses for the given financial organization code. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active= This Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • ExpN = This Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium to which the given year and quarter belong. No more budgets can be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculums mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg • NoBudget = No Budgets may be associated with this Organization Code for the purpose of budgeting, expenditure or collecting revenue.
FinOrgActiveInd Col# 032 DataType: char (1)	Indicates the (financial) Organization is active. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y= Yes this Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • N= No this Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium within which the given year and quarter exist. No more budgets should be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculums mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg
ABBStatus Col# 033 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>In order to provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, we are loading temporary data (labeled asTentative) for both the current and immediately prior Academic Fiscal Year. This Tentative data is refreshed/updated on the census day of every quarter until the Spring following the close of the Fiscal Year. On that Spring census day, the data for the previous Academic Fiscal Year is updated, frozen and labeled asFixed and Final i.e. they will not be updated after that point and can be relied upon to return identical data for reporting.</p> <p>For example data for the entire Academic Fiscal Year of 2017 (Summer 2016 - Spring 2017) will be loaded as Tentative data (refreshed/updated every census day) until census day in Spring 2018 at which point, the data will be loaded as Fixed and Final data for AcademicFiscalYr=2017.</p> <p>Note that Degree Data is used from one Fiscal Year prior to the data used from Course Section Registrations/Curriculum and Program Enrollments/Majors.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 034 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_GraduateMajorProgramEnrollments

This table includes one record for every non-FeeBased major in which each graduate student is enrolled, by year and quarter. Both Certificate seeking majors (degree level 3, degree type 5) and GRAD V majors are specifically excluded. Students without a Graduate or Professional level tuition code are also excluded.

Table/Column Name	Definition
AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.</p> <p>For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).</p>
AcademicQtrKeyId Col# 002 DataType: int	<p>The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.</p>
SDBSrcSystemKey Col# 003 DataType: decimal (9,0)	<p>Unique applicant/student identifier assigned in SDB.</p>
MajorCode Col# 004 DataType: varchar (11)	<p>Code that fully identifies the major. A concatenation of the MajorCampus, MajorAbbrCode, and MajorPathwayNum (each separated by underscores) e.g. '0_BIOL_10'. Note that the Major Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed and the MajorPathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.</p>
ProgramCode Col# 005 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>A concatenation of the MajorCampus, MajorAbbrCode and MajorPathwayNum of the student's major as well as the DegreeLevelCode and DegreeTypeCode associated with the assignment of the major to the student. Each of the 5 component parts are separated by underscores e.g. '0_BIOL_10_1_6'. Note that the Major Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed and the MajorPathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.</p>
MajorCampus Col# 006 DataType: tinyint	<p>Code that identifies the campus to which this major belongs. Comprises the first part of the MajorCode. Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0=Seattle • 1=Bothell • 2=Tacoma
MajorAbbrCode Col# 007 DataType: char (6)	<p>Abbreviation for a major course of study. Only represents one portion of the MajorCode which fully identifies a Major.</p>
MajorPathwayNum Col# 008 DataType: smallint	<p>A number that specifies the particular instantiation of a Major Abbreviation. Typically denoting an area of specialization within the more encompassing Major Abbreviation, but in practice has been used to track other types of differences than program content.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
DegreeLevelCode Col# 009 DataType: smallint	A numeric code that represents the level of the degree but only serves as one component of determining
DegreeTypeCode Col# 010 DataType: smallint	A numeric code that is used in conjunction with the Degree Level Code to represent the category of degree like Arts or Sciences. Not all degree types apply to all degree levels.
ProgramAcademicCareerLevelCod Col# 011 DataType: varchar (25)	A derived field based on student level and degree pursued - looking further into this one.
SDBSrcMajorIndex Col# 012 DataType: smallint	A straight copy of student_1_college_major_SNAP11.index1 in order to allow for joining back to UWSDBDataStore derived data without the new MajorNbr column.
MajorNbr Col# 013 DataType: tinyint	An incremental row number restarted for each student and quarter that allows for keeping track of how many Majors or Programs a student is enrolled on census day. Grouping by SDBSrcSystemKey and AcademicQtrKeyld while calculating the Maximum MajorNbr will tell you how many Majors/Programs the student has for the quarter indicated. Derived from SDBSrcMajorIndex, but does deviate from it in some instances.
MajorCount Col# 014 DataType: tinyint	The number of major programs associated with the given student's enrollment in the given Academic Quarter. (SDB system has a limitation of three majors associated with any single student, so the minimum is one and the maximum is three).
StudentClassCode Col# 015 DataType: smallint	A numeric code from SDB that classifies a student's level and progress (somewhat inadequately). Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 (Freshman) • 2 (Sophomore) • 3 (Junior) • 4 (Senior) • 5 (Post-Baccalaureate) • 6 (Non-Matriculated) • 8 (Graduate) • 11 (1st Year Professional) • 12 (2nd Year Professional) • 13 (3rd Year Professional) • 14 (4th Year Professional) See the Student Class for details on the preferred somewhat altered version of Student Class.

Table/Column Name	Definition
FeeBasedMajorInd Col# 016 DataType: char (1)	An Indicator that identifies Fee-Based Majors.
PreMajorInd Col# 017 DataType: char (1)	Indicator that identifies the MajorCode assigned to a student is considered a pre-major program. Usually indicates that a student has not been officially accepted into an Undergraduate Degree Program.
VisitingMajorInd Col# 018 DataType: char (1)	An indicator identifying this record as having a MajorCode that is intended for non-UW students who are taking UW courses as Visiting or Exchange student. Their current Program code will not lead to a UW degree.
StudentLevelTaxonomyKey Col# 019 DataType: varchar (5)	A foreign key to join to the Student Level Taxonomy Table; a concatenation of DegreeLevelCode, DegreeTypeCode, Student_ClassCode, and VisitingMajorInd. e.g. 11040 represents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • degree level=1 • degree type=1 • class=4 • visitingmajorind=0 Note that Student_ClassCode is converted to 2 character format with a leading zero for values less than 10.
StudentTuitionCode Col# 020 DataType: smallint	A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a tuition-based Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency. This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter.
NonSummerInd Col# 021 DataType: char (1)	Indicates that the given Academic Quarter is NOT a Summer Quarter i.e. it is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. ABB calculations often exclude Summer Quarter, therefore filtering the data by simply requiring a Y value in this column, will appropriately achieve that exclusion. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this is a Non-Summer Quarter. It is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. • N = No, this is a Summer Quarter.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 022 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_MajorFinancialOrganizations

This table provides one set of mappings of a given major to its associated Financial Organizations for a given Academic Fiscal Year.

Table/Column Name	Definition
AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.</p> <p>For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).</p>
MajorCode Col# 002 DataType: varchar (25)	<p>Code that fully identifies the major. A concatenation of the MajorCampus, MajorAbbrCode, and MajorPathwayNum (each separated by underscores) e.g. '0_BIOL_10'.</p> <p>Note that the Major Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed and the MajorPathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.</p>
FinOrgUnitNbr Col# 003 DataType: varchar (20)	<p>The full 10-digit numeric code of the (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.</p>
PrimaryOrgUnitInd Col# 004 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates whether this is the primary mapping of this particular Curriculum to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most curriculums map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it is marked Primary with a value of "Y" in this field (and the same record has a Mapping Index value of 1), but a few curriculums map to multiple Orgs and those will have additional, non-primary Orgs that have a value of "N" in this field.</p> <p>The Primary Organization is chosen by a coordinating effort between the Office of Planning and Budgeting and the main contact for the curriculum (or the Department or School/College to which it belongs).</p>
MajorMappingIndex Col# 005 DataType: tinyint	<p>An integer that represents whether this is the first, second, third, etc. mapping of this particular Major to a (financial) Organization in a given quarter. Most Majors map to only 1 Organization, so there is only 1 record and it has a Mapping Index value of 1, but a few Majors map to multiple Orgs and this index will act as an incremental row number for the mappings belonging to the Major in the given quarter. i.e. Major 0_GLOBLH_0 mapped to 2 Orgs in 20162, the chosen Primary Org has a 1 in it's Mapping Index, while the other was assigned a 2 (if it had been split between 3 Orgs, then the third would have been assigned a 3).</p> <p>Note that while there is meaning in the Mapping Index value of 1 (it is the Primary Org), there is no difference in priority or importance between a 2 or a 3 or anything greater. One can then take the Maximum value of all of the mapping indexes for the Major in the given quarter to determine how many mappings a given major has. i.e. SELECT AcademicQtrKeyId ,CampusCode,MajorAbbrCode ,MajorPathwayNum, MAX(MajorMappingIndex) as MaxIndex FROM AnalyticInteg.sec.IV_Major GROUP BY AcademicQtrKeyId ,CampusCode,MajorAbbrCode ,MajorPathwayNum</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
MajorMappingCount Col# 006 DataType: tinyint	The total number of Financial Organization Departments to which the given Major is mapped for the given AcademicFiscalYear. Most Majors are only mapped to 1 department, but some Major Programs are a collaborative effort of two or more departments. Each department will have its own mapping record, but this count provides the total number of departments that this Major is mapped to at the given point in time.
OwnerPercent Col# 007 DataType: decimal (5,2)	<p>(NOT CURRENTLY USED FOR ANY APPROVED CALCULATIONS - STRICTLY HYPOTHETICAL) A number between 0.01 and 100.00 that represents the percentage of a given Major's metrics that could be attributed to the associated (financial) Organization in a given quarter WITHOUT DUPLICATING the metrics.</p> <p>Currently ABB and other metrics do not use this percentage for any of their calculations. This is provided for possible future use in case the UW ever decided to attribute Major-based metrics differently when a Major maps to multiple Orgs.</p> <p>Most Majors map to only 1 Organization, so most of these percentages are 100.00. For those with multiple mappings, the percentage is calculated by dividing it evenly if possible i.e. 50.00 for 2 Orgs, 20.00 for 5 Orgs. If an even dividing is impossible, the excess remainder gets added to the primary org (i.e. for a 3-way division, the primary gets 33.34 and the other 2 get 33.33, or for a 6-way division the primary gets 16.70 and the other 5 get 16.66).</p> <p>All Majors should have their Owner Percent's sum to 100.00 exactly for every quarter.</p>
MajorCampus Col# 008 DataType: tinyint	<p>Code that identifies the campus to which this major belongs. Comprises the first part of the MajorCode.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0=Seattle • 1=Bothell • 2=Tacoma
MajorAbbrCode Col# 009 DataType: char (6)	Abbreviation for a major course of study. Only represents one portion of the MajorCode which fully identifies a Major.
MajorPathwayNum Col# 010 DataType: smallint	A number that specifies the particular instantiation of a Major Abbreviation. Typically denoting an area of specialization within the more encompassing Major Abbreviation, but in practice has been used to track other types of differences than program content.
ActiveMajorInd Col# 011 DataType: char (1)	<p>Indicates that the Campus, Major Abbr and Pathway combination was a valid option for students to enter as of the census day of the given academic quarter</p> <p>Note that this indicator should only be used for informational purposes only (it should NOT be used to exclude inactive majors as you will likely then be excluding any students that are still enrolled in those majors). There is also a small chance that a given major might have been reactivated after census day but before the end of the quarter, or the Active status could have been erroneously input into the source system early in the quarter and corrected after census day (meaning that the Active Indicator will always display that error for that record)</p>
MajorName Col# 012 DataType: varchar (25)	The name of the Major in all capital letters that should specify this Campus-Major Abbreviation-Pathway combination. Limited to 24 characters long.

Table/Column Name	Definition
MajorShortName Col# 013 DataType: varchar (12)	The shortened name of the Major in all capital letters that should specify this Campus-Major Abbreviation-Pathway combination. Limited to 12 characters long.
MajorFullName Col# 014 DataType: varchar (40)	The full descriptive name of the Major i.e. this Campus-Major Abbreviation-Pathway combination. Limited to 40 characters long.
VisitingMajorInd Col# 015 DataType: char (1)	An indicator identifying this record as having a MajorCode that is intended for non-UW students who are taking UW courses as Visiting or Exchange student. Their current Program code will not lead to a UW degree.
PreMajorInd Col# 016 DataType: char (1)	Indicator that identifies the MajorCode assigned to a student is considered a pre-major program. Usually indicates that a student has not been officially accepted into an Undergraduate Degree Program.
FeeBasedMajorInd Col# 017 DataType: char (1)	An Indicator that identifies Fee-Based Majors.
EveningProgramInd Col# 018 DataType: char (1)	Indicates that the major (abbr and pathway) is offered as an evening degree program.
MajorCIPCode Col# 019 DataType: varchar (6)	The 6 character Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Code assigned to this Campus-Major Abbreviation-Pathway combination to denote the specific discipline or subject area that the Major best fits into. For more information on CIP Codes visit https://metadata.uw.edu/glossary/visualize/studentdata.cipcode
CIPSeriesYr Col# 020 DataType: smallint	The year that the set of CIP Codes was released for use by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
CIPTitle Col# 021 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
CIPFamily2DigitCode Col# 022 DataType: varchar (2)	A value used to represent the top level of the CIP Code taxonomy: 2-digit, 4-digit and CIP Code (6-digit). The two-digit code represents the most general/highest level of groupings of related programs.
CIPFamily2DigitTitle Col# 023 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the 2-digit CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

Table/Column Name	Definition
CIPFamily4DigitTitle Col# 024 DataType: varchar (150)	The textual description of the 4-digit CIP code issued by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).
FederalSTEMInd Col# 025 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a classification of a program of study (CIP Code) that is in the Sciences, Technology, Math, and Engineering group of disciplines as defined by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.
WASStateHighDemandInd Col# 026 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a classification of a program of study that is considered in high demand in WA state as derived from the 2011 Legislative Bill 1795.
WASStateCSRDESTSTEMInd Col# 027 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the Consortium for Student Retention Data Exchange (CSRDE). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level.
WASStateNSFSTEMInd Col# 028 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the National Science Foundation (NSF). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level.
WASStateOFMSTEMInd Col# 029 DataType: varchar (3)	A program of study identified as a STEM field according to the State of Washington, Office of Fiscal management (OFM).
WASStateSMARTSTEMInd Col# 030 DataType: varchar (3)	Indicates a program of study identified as a STEM field according to the U.S. Department of Education, National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant (SMART). This attribute is assigned to CIP codes at the six digit level.
FinCampusName Col# 031 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the particular UW Campus that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bothell Campus • Seattle Campus • Tacoma Campus
FinCampusNbr Col# 032 DataType: varchar (20)	Financial Campus Number is actually a 3 character text code that represents a particular campus of the university that corresponds to the (financial) Organization code. In the FinOrgCode hierarchy, the Campus is a major organizational level between College and University. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEA = Seattle • BOT = Bothell • TAC = Tacoma

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinCampusReportingName Col# 033 DataType: varchar (200)	The full and complete name of the Campus for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinCollegeNbr Col# 034 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of a (financial) Organization that is below a campus, but above a sub college or department level. Usually explicit to the 3-digit level with 7 trailing zeros.
FinCollegeName Col# 035 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the College level (financial) Organization. The College level is below a campus, but above a sub-college or department.
FinCollegeReportingName Col# 036 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinSubCollegeNbr Col# 037 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization that is below a college, but above a department level. Usually explicit to the 5-digit level with 5 trailing zeros.
FinSubCollegeName Col# 038 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-College level (financial) Organization. The Sub-College level is below a college, but above a department.
FinSubCollegeReportingName Col# 039 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-College level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinDepartmentNbr Col# 040 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department. Usually explicit to the 7-digit level with 3 trailing zeros.
FinDepartmentName Col# 041 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Department level (financial) Organization. The Department level is below a college or sub college and above a sub-department.
FinDepartmentReportingName Col# 042 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronyms or codes.
FinSubDeptNbr Col# 043 DataType: varchar (20)	The numeric code of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the hierarchy. Usually explicit to the full 10-digit level.

Table/Column Name	Definition
FinSubDeptName Col# 044 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Sub-Department level (financial) Organization. The Sub-Department level is the lowest, most granular level of the (financial) Organization hierarchy (directly below a Department).
FinSubDeptReportingName Col# 045 DataType: varchar (200)	The full name for a Sub-Department level (financial) Organization for use in more formal or external reports that are designed for those with little or no knowledge of context specific abbreviations, acronymns or codes.
FinOrgStatusCode Col# 046 DataType: varchar (10)	The (financial) Organization Status Code provides one of 3 possible statuses for the given financial organization code. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active= This Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • ExpN = This Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium to which the given year and quarter belong. No more budgets can be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculumms mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg • NoBudget = No Budgets may be associated with this Organization Code for the purpose of budgeting, expenditure or collecting revenue.
FinOrgActiveInd Col# 047 DataType: char (1)	Indicates the (financial) Organization is active. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y= Yes this Financial Organization was active in the given year and quarter • N= No this Financial Organization was marked to close at the end of the biennium within which the given year and quarter exist. No more budgets should be assigned to it and any Majors, Degrees or Curriculumms mapped to it will need to be changed to a different FinOrg
ABBStatus Col# 048 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>In order to provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, we are loading temporary data (labeled asTentative) for the current Academic Fiscal Year that is refreshed/updated on every Summer, Autumn and Winter census day. On Spring census day, the data for the given Academic Fiscal Year is update, frozen and labeled asFixed and Final i.e. they will not be updated after that point and can be relied upon to return identical data for reporting.</p> <p>For example in Summer 2017, Summer 2017 will be loaded for AcademicFiscalYr=2018 (it will be labeled as Tentative--all prior quarters would have previously been loaded as Fixed and Final). In Autumn 2017, Autumn 2017 data will be loaded to overwrite Summer 2017 data for AcademicFiscalYr=2018. In Winter 2018, Winter 2018 data will be loaded to overwrite Autumn of 2017 for AcademicFiscalYr=2018. In Spring 2018, Winter 2018 data will all be overwritten by Spring 2018 data which will be loaded as Fixed and Final data for AcademicFiscalYr=2018.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 049 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_StudentTuition

This table includes a record for every student for every quarter in which they are to be included in the ABB calculations. The criteria for inclusion are:

1. The student is assigned a standard Tuition Category
2. The student is enrolled in one or more tuition-based (non-fee-based) course sections for more than 0 credit,
3. The student, if eligible for an employee or senior exemption, is enrolled for more than six tuition-based credits.

This table includes information about the student's tuition campus, category, and residency along with the amount that would have been charged for each fee given the number of non-exempt, non-fee-based credits for which they were enrolled as of the census day of the given quarter.

AcademicFiscalYr

Col# 001 DataType: smallint

An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.

For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).

AcademicQtrKeyld

Col# 002 DataType: int

The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.

SDBSrcSystemKey

Col# 003 DataType: decimal (9,0)

Unique applicant/student identifier assigned in SDB.

TuitionCode

Col# 004 DataType: smallint

A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency.

This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.

TuitionCodeName

Col# 005 DataType: varchar (80)

A brief description of the Tuition Code

TuitionCampus

Col# 006 DataType: tinyint

Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.

Valid Values:

- Seattle (0)
- Bothell (1)
- Tacoma (2)

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionCategory Col# 007 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category.</p> <p>Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionCategoryName Col# 008 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionGroup Col# 009 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is one step above Tuition Category in the hierarchy of grouping Tuition Codes, but it is very closely related to Tuition Category in that many of the Groups are identical to Categories in both makeup (Tuition Codes included) and name. The most common case in which one or more Tuition Categories are combined into a single Tuition Group is when cohort pricing is used. e.g. if tuition differs for Dentistry Incoming and Dentistry 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Year students, these would be combined into a single Tuition Group, which would be called Dentistry.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionGroupName Col# 010 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionResidency Col# 011 DataType: tinyint	<p>The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident
TuitionResidencyName Col# 012 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident

Table/Column Name	Definition
QuarterlyTotalTuitionBasedNonEx Col# 013 DataType: decimal (3,1)	A student's tuition-based credit hours for the given quarter that are not covered by a tuition exemption. If a student has a tuition exemption and their tuition-based hours are less than or equal to six then all of their Tuition-based credit hours are exempt and the NonExemptSCH is zero. If their tuition-based hours are greater than 6, then subtract 6 from their total tuition-based credit hours. If a student does not have a tuition exemption then all of their Tuition-based credit hours are non-exempt and the NonExemptSCH is just their TotalTuition-BasedSCH. If the student has no tuition-based credit hours their NonExemptSCH is zero regardless. SeeTuition Exemption for more details.
TuitionRateCreditHours Col# 014 DataType: tinyint	The student's QuarterlyTotalTuitionBasedNonExemptSCH with 2 possible adjustments: 1. everything less than 2 rounds up to 2 2. all non-integers are rounded up to the next whole number. This has to be done because the UW charges for a minimum of 2 credit hours of tuition and only in whole number increments
AcademicQtr Col# 015 DataType: tinyint	An integer which represents one of four academic instructional periods within an academic year. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Winter • 2 = Spring • 3 = Summer • 4 = Autumn
NonSummerInd Col# 016 DataType: char (1)	Indicates that the given Academic Quarter is NOT a Summer Quarter i.e. it is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. ABB calculations often exclude Summer Quarter, therefore filtering the data by simply requiring a Y value in this column, will appropriately achieve that exclusion. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this is a Non-Summer Quarter. It is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. • N = No, this is a Summer Quarter.
TuitionYr Col# 017 DataType: int	Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018. It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End
TotalBuildingFeeAmt Col# 018 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The total amount in US dollars of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).

Table/Column Name	Definition
BuildingFeeResidentPortion Col# 019 DataType: decimal (9,2)	<p>The amount in US dollars of only the resident portion of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).</p> <p>Byresident portion here we mean the amount that residents of the state of Washington are charged for the Building Fee. For resident students, this would be their entire Building Fee, but for Non-Resident students, this would be only the portion of their total fee that matches the amount charged for the equivalent resident tuition code. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the resident portion for both would be \$40.</p>
BuildingFeeNonResidentDifferential Col# 020 DataType: decimal (9,2)	<p>The Building Fee is the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure. The NonResident Differential is the amount of difference, in US dollars, between the Total Building Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus.</p> <p>For resident students, this would always be zero, but for Non-Resident students, this would be their total building fee less the amount charged for Resident Tuition in the same Tuition Category and Campus. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the non-resident differential would be \$10 for the non-resident student and \$0 for the resident student.</p>
TotalOperatingFeeAmt Col# 021 DataType: decimal (9,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>Corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=2</p>
OperatingFeeResidentPortion Col# 022 DataType: decimal (9,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The Resident Portion of the Operating Fee is the part of that Operating Fee that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the TotalOperatingFee will always equal the OperatingFeeResidentPortion, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion</p>
OperatingFeeNonResidentDiffere Col# 023 DataType: decimal (9,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The NonResident Differential Operating Fee is the difference between the total Operating Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the OperatingFeeNonResidentDifferential will always be zero, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion--resulting in a Differential value greater than zero.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAmt Col# 024 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount charged to students in US dollars for tuition at the University of Washington for the given Academic Quarter, Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fee and the Building Fee.
ServicesAndActivitiesFeeAmt Col# 025 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to students in order to fund student activities and programs or to pay toward bonds that fund new buildings, land or facilities.
TechnologyFeeAmt Col# 026 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to fund technology resources for student use. Each campus maintains its own student-run Tech Fee Committee.
IMABondFeeAmt Col# 027 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students in order to pay debt service associated with the Intramural Activities (IMA) building and accompanying recreational facilities. A mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=5 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
FacilitiesRenovationFeeAmt Col# 028 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students which is used to pay debt service associated with the renovation of the Husky Union Building, Ethnic Cultural Center, and Hall Health Primary Care Center. The Facilities Renovation Fee is a mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=6 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
SportsFieldFeeAmt Col# 029 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Bothell students in order to pay debt service associated with the Sports Field and accompanying recreational facilities.
ARCConstructionFeeAmt Col# 030 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The US dollar amount charged to Bothell students that is used to pay debt service associated with the construction of the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 7
ARCProgrammingFeeAmt Col# 031 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Bothell students that is used to pay for student activities, programs or other operational costs associated with the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 8
YMCAFeeAmt Col# 032 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Tacoma students that is used to pay for debt service associated with the construction of the Tacoma University YMCA recreational facility. A Mandatory Fee for Tacoma students that is governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAndFeesAmt Col# 033 DataType: decimal (9,2)	The amount charged to students in US dollars for tuition and all mandatory fees at the University of Washington for the given Academic Quarter, Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fee and the Building Fee (which make up Tuition) as well as all of the mandatory fees. It does NOT include the UPass Fee.

RecordLoadDttm Col# 034 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.
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ABB_StudentWaivers

This table includes a record for every waiver amount that would be applied to the operating fee in a given Waiver Category that a student received in a given year and quarter. In order to facilitate projections, the operating fee waivers are broken out into those that apply to:

- **the Resident Portion only**
- **the Non-Resident Differential only**
- **Any Residency (applies to the operating fee without differentiating between the resident portion and non-resident differential)**

AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year. For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).
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AcademicQtrKeyld Col# 002 DataType: int	The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
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SDBSrcSystemKey Col# 003 DataType: decimal (9,0)	Unique applicant/student identifier assigned in SDB.
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Table/Column Name	Definition
WaiverCategory Col# 004 DataType: smallint	An integer used to classify individual tuition waivers based on the budget number/fund from which they are sourced. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = TA/RA Resident Tuition • 2 = TA/RA Nonresident Differential • 3 = ICA Gender Equity • 5 = WWAMI • 6 = WICHE • 7 = Over 18 Hour Exemption • 8 = International Exchange • 9 = Faculty/Staff/Family Nonresident Differential • 10 = Child of Deceased Police/Fire/Highway • 11 = Military/Veterans/Dependents • 12 = Other • 13 = Grad/Prof Nonresident Differential • 14 = Other Nonresident Differential • 15 = Summer • 16 = 3% Need • 17 = 1% Merit • 18 = Exemptions
WaiverCategoryName Col# 005 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Waiver Category (broad programs used to reduce tuition and fees--representing foregone revenue or awards given from the waiver need/merit pool)
AcademicQtr Col# 006 DataType: tinyint	An integer which represents one of four academic instructional periods within an academic year. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Winter • 2 = Spring • 3 = Summer • 4 = Autumn
NonSummerInd Col# 007 DataType: char (1)	Indicates that the given Academic Quarter is NOT a Summer Quarter i.e. it is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. ABB calculations often exclude Summer Quarter, therefore filtering the data by simply requiring a Y value in this column, will appropriately achieve that exclusion. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this is a Non-Summer Quarter. It is an Autumn, Winter or Spring Quarter. • N = No, this is a Summer Quarter.

Table/Column Name	Definition
OperatingFeeAnyResidencyWaive Col# 008 DataType: decimal (9,2)	This is the amount of operating fee waiver for the given quarter and Waiver Category that may be applied regardless of a student's Tuition Residency.
OperatingFeeResidentPortionWai Col# 009 DataType: decimal (9,2)	This is the amount (in US dollars) of the Resident Portion of the student's Operating Fee that has been waived for the given quarter and Waiver Category . This waiver amount will be subtracted from the student's Operating Fee Resident Portion for the purposes of calculating Tuition Revenue.
OperatingFeeNonResidentDiffere Col# 010 DataType: decimal (9,2)	This is the amount (in US dollars) of the student's Operating Fee Non-Resident Differential that has been waived for the given quarter and Waiver Category . This waiver amount will be subtracted from the student's Non-Resident Differential for the Operating Fee for the purposes of calculating Tuition Revenue.
TotalOperatingFeeWaiverAmt Col# 011 DataType: decimal (9,2)	This is the total amount of a waiver for the given quarter and Waiver Category that is to be applied to the student's operating fee; that is, the TotalOperatingFeeWaiverAmt is the sum of OperatingFeeAnyResidencyWaiverAmt, OperatingFeeResidentPortionWaiverAmt, and OperatingFeeNonResidentDifferentialWaiverAmt.
ABBStatus Col# 012 DataType: varchar (25)	<p>Waivers are awarded through the Student Financial Aid system, which means they are based on and have records for the Financial Aid Award Year (which corresponds to the Academic Fiscal Year). This means that Waiver Amounts are awarded for all 4 quarters (Summer through Spring) in one record, but disbursements are allotted to each individual quarter and those amounts can and do change through the year based on student circumstances. In order to deal with this fluctuation, but still provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, we are loading temporary data (labeled as Tentative) for each quarter's census day in a given Academic Fiscal Year. Each quarter of the current year is updated every census day until we reach the Spring Quarter census day, when all records for that Academic Fiscal Year are updated and loaded as Fixed and Final i.e. they will not be updated after that point and can be relied upon to return identical data for reporting. For example in Summer 2017, only Summer 2017 will be loaded (it will be labeled as Tentative--all prior quarters would have previously been loaded as Fixed and Final). In Autumn 2017, Autumn 2017 data will be loaded (as Tentative) and Summer 2017 data will be overwritten with updated Summer data as of Autumn 2017 census day. In Winter 2018, Winter 2018 data will be loaded as Tentative and both Summer and Autumn of 2017 will be overwritten with updated Summer and Autumn data (still labeled Tentative). In Spring 2018, Summer 2017, Autumn 2017, Winter 2018 and Spring 2018 data will all be loaded for their respective quarters as of the data available on Spring 2018 census day with all data being labeled as Fixed and Final.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tentative • Fixed and Final
RecordLoadDttm Col# 013 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

ABB_UndergraduateDegreeMajorCompletions

This table includes one record for every major associated with every bachelor's degree awarded by the UW, by the year and quarter for which the degree is granted. Fixed and Final data is loaded every Spring Quarter for the prior Academic Fiscal Year's Degree Completions. Any Degree Completions awarded that are captured before the Fixed and Final Snapshot are loaded as Tentative data.

AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: smallint	An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.
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For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).

DegreeGrantedQtrKeyId Col# 002 DataType: int	The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying the distinct academic term that a student's degree was conferred. i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
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SDBSrcSystemKey Col# 003 DataType: decimal (9,0)	Unique applicant/student identifier assigned in SDB.
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DegreeCode Col# 004 DataType: varchar (15)	Code that fully identifies a particular Degree or Degree Program. It consists of the concatenated DegreeCampus, DegreeAbbr, DegreePathwayNum, DegreeLevel, and DegreeType (each separated by underscores) e.g. "0_LAW_00_6_3". Note that the DegreeAbbr has had trailing spaces removed and the DegreePathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.
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SDBSrcDegreeIndex Col# 005 DataType: tinyint	An integer/row number that begins at 1 for each student and increments up for each new graduation application entered into SDB. Unaltered from student_2_uw_degree_info.index1
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MajorCode Col# 006 DataType: varchar (11)	Code that fully identifies the major. A concatenation of the MajorCampus, MajorAbbrCode, and MajorPathwayNum (each separated by underscores) e.g. '0_BIOL_10'. Note that the Major Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed and the MajorPathwayNum has been converted to 2 character format with a leading zero when less than 10.
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SDBSrcDegreeMajorIndex Col# 007 DataType: tinyint	An integer/row number that begins at 1 for each student degree awarded (or graduation application) and increments up for each major associated with that degree in SDB. Unaltered from student_2_deg_major.index2
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Table/Column Name	Definition
DegreeMajorCount Col# 008 DataType: tinyint	The number of degree majors associated with the degree awarded to the student. (SDB system has a limitation of three majors associated with any single degree, so the minimum is one and the maximum is three).
DegreeCampus Col# 009 DataType: tinyint	Code that identifies the campus from which this degree was administered and granted. Comprises the first part of both the MajorCode and the DegreeCode. Valid Values: 0=Seattle 1=Bothell 2=Tacoma
DegreeCampusDesc Col# 010 DataType: varchar (10)	The name of the Campus associated with the the degree (and major).
DegreeTitle Col# 011 DataType: varchar (60)	Formal title of the particular Degree awarded.
DegreeLevelTypeDesc Col# 012 DataType: varchar (30)	A description of the level and type of Degree Awarded. Pulled directly from the UWSDBDataStore's SDMODegreeLevelType table. This also represents the (most granular) lowest level of the Degree Award Level Taxonomy. See SDB Degree Level and Type Codes for a list of valid values.
DegreeAward Col# 013 DataType: varchar (50)	Textual description of the category of a degree granted within a given Degree Level. The second layer of grouping in the Degree Award Level Taxonomy's hierarchy (low-level granularity). Classifying Degree Completions into: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BA • BS • Doctor's Degree - other • Doctor's Degree - professional practice • Doctor's Degree - research/scholarship • Educational Specialist • MA • MS • Other Bachelor's Degree • Other Master's Degree

Table/Column Name	Definition
DegreeAwardLevel Col# 014 DataType: varchar (15)	The second highest grouping in the Degree Award Level Taxonomy's hierarchy (mid-level granularity). Classifying Degree Completions into: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bachelor's • Doctor's • Master's • Post-Master's
DegreeAwardLevelGroup Col# 015 DataType: varchar (25)	A grouping that represents the broadest categories in the Degree Award Level Taxonomy's hierarchy. Classifying Degree Completions into: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Undergraduate or • Graduate and Professional
IPEDSAwardLevelCode Col# 016 DataType: tinyint	The numeric code to indicate award level based on IPEDS reporting specifications. UW Valid Values (IPEDSAwardLevelCode, IPEDSAwardLevelDesc): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 = Bachelor's degree • 7 = Master's degree • 8 = Post-Master's certificate • 17 = Doctor's Degree - research/scholarship • 18 = Doctor's Degree - professional practice • 19 = Doctor's Degree - other
IPEDSAwardLevelDesc Col# 017 DataType: varchar (50)	The textual description of the IPEDS Award Level based on IPEDS reporting specifications. UW Valid Values (IPEDSAwardLevelCode, IPEDSAwardLevelDesc): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 = Bachelor's degree • 7 = Master's degree • 8 = Post-Master's certificate • 17 = Doctor's Degree - research/scholarship • 18 = Doctor's Degree - professional practice • 19 = Doctor's Degree - other
IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelCo Col# 018 DataType: tinyint	The numeric code to indicate the consolidated award level based on IPEDS reporting specifications. UW Valid Values (IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelCode, IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelDesc): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4=Bachelor's degrees • 5=Master's degrees • 6=Doctor's degrees • 7=Postbaccalaureate and post-master's certificates

Table/Column Name	Definition
IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelDes Col# 019 DataType: varchar (50)	The textual description of the IPEDS Consolidated Award Level based on IPEDS reporting specifications. UW Valid Values (IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelCode, IPEDSConsolidatedAwardLevelDesc): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4=Bachelor's degrees • 5=Master's degrees • 6=Doctor's degrees • 7=Postbaccalaureate and post-master's certificates
DegreeGrantedGPA Col# 020 DataType: decimal (3,2)	Final Grade Point Average recorded in SDB for the degree awarded. Based on the UW graded credits that applied towards the given degree.
DegreeGrantedDate Col# 021 DataType: date	The date on which the degree was granted. YYYY-MM-DD format
DegreeGrantedHonors Col# 022 DataType: smallint	Code that identifies formal honors awarded based on the student's GPA for the given UW degree. Valid Values(Honors Code, Description): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0=No Degree Honors on record • 1=Summa Cum Laude • 2=Magna Cum Laude • 3=Cum Laude <p>See Honor GPA Requirements for the latest GPA requirements for Baccalaureate Degree Awards.</p>
DegreeGrantedUWEarnedCredits Col# 023 DataType: decimal (4,1)	The sum of all credits earned at the UW that were applied toward the awarded credential.
DegreeGrantedTransferCredits Col# 024 DataType: decimal (4,1)	The sum of all credits transferred from other institutions that were applied toward the awarded credential.
DegreeGrantedAddtnlAppliedCre Col# 025 DataType: decimal (4,1)	Total number of additional credits that were actually applied towards their degree program. These credits can be from one or more of the following sources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UWEO (Educational Outreach) • AP credits (Advanced Placement college level coursework taken in high school) • IB credits (International Baccalaureate coursework taken in high school) • Credit by Examination

Table/Column Name	Definition
DegreeGrantedTotalCredits Col# 026 DataType: decimal (6,1)	The sum of all credits earned at either the UW or another institution that were applied toward the awarded credential. Calculation formula (using student_2_UW_deg_info columns): IsNull(d.deg_uw_credits,0) + IsNull(d.deg_trans_credits,0) + IsNull(d.deg_exten_credits,0)
ABBDegreeStatus Col# 027 DataType: varchar (15)	In order to provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, we are loading temporary data (labeled asTentative) for both the current and immediately prior Academic Fiscal Year. This Tentative data is refreshed/updated on the census day of every quarter until the Spring following the close of the Fiscal Year. On that Spring census day, the data for the previous Academic Fiscal Year is updated, frozen and labeled asFixed and Final i.e. they will not be updated after that point and can be relied upon to return identical data for reporting. For example, data for the entire Academic Fiscal Year of 2017 (Summer 2016 - Spring 2017) will be loaded as Tentative data (refreshed/updated every census day) until census day in Spring 2018 at which point, the data will be loaded as Fixed and Final data for AcademicFiscalYr=2017. Note that Degree Data is used from one Fiscal Year prior to the data used from Course Section Registrations/Curriculum and Program Enrollments/Majors.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 028 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

IV_AnnualFulltimeTuitionSchedule

The sum of the quarterly tuition and fees for Autumn, Winter and Spring for the given Tuition Year and Tuition Code and broken down into the component Fees for both Tuition and Mandatory Fees including a breakdown of the Operating and Building Fees into their Resident Portions and Non-Resident Differentials.

TuitionYr Col# 001 DataType: int	Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018. It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End
TuitionCampus Col# 002 DataType: tinyint	Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionCode Col# 003 DataType: smallint	A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency. This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionCodeName Col# 004 DataType: varchar (80)	A brief description of the Tuition Code
TuitionCategory Col# 005 DataType: smallint	An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category. Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionCategoryName Col# 006 DataType: varchar (100)	A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionResidency Col# 007 DataType: tinyint	The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident
TuitionResidencyName Col# 008 DataType: varchar (15)	The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident
TotalBuildingFeeAmt Col# 009 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The total amount in US dollars of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).

Table/Column Name	Definition
BuildingFeeResidentPortion Col# 010 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The amount in US dollars of only the resident portion of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).</p> <p>Byresident portion here we mean the amount that residents of the state of Washington are charged for the Building Fee. For resident students, this would be their entire Building Fee, but for Non-Resident students, this would be only the portion of their total fee that matches the amount charged for the equivalent resident tuition code. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the resident portion for both would be \$40.</p>
BuildingFeeNonResidentDifferential Col# 011 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Building Fee is the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure. The NonResident Differential is the amount of difference, in US dollars, between the Total Building Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus.</p> <p>For resident students, this would always be zero, but for Non-Resident students, this would be their total building fee less the amount charged for Resident Tuition in the same Tuition Category and Campus. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the non-resident differential would be \$10 for the non-resident student and \$0 for the resident student.</p>
TotalOperatingFeeAmt Col# 012 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>Corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=2</p>
OperatingFeeResidentPortion Col# 013 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The Resident Portion of the Operating Fee is the part of that Operating Fee that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the TotalOperatingFee will always equal the OperatingFeeResidentPortion, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion</p>
OperatingFeeNonResidentDiffere Col# 014 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The NonResident Differential Operating Fee is the difference between the total Operating Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the OperatingFeeNonResidentDifferential will always be zero, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion--resulting in a Differential value greater than zero.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAmt Col# 015 DataType: decimal (8,2)	The amount charged to students in US dollars for Autumn, Winter and Spring Quarter tuition at the University of Washington for the given Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fees and Building Fees for the 3 main quarters. Mandatory Fees are NOT included in this amount.
ServicesAndActivitiesFeeAmt Col# 016 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to students in order to fund student activities and programs or to pay toward bonds that fund new buildings, land or facilities.
TechnologyFeeAmt Col# 017 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to fund technology resources for student use. Each campus maintains its own student-run Tech Fee Committee.
IMABondFeeAmt Col# 018 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students in order to pay debt service associated with the Intramural Activities (IMA) building and accompanying recreational facilities. A mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=5 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
FacilitiesRenovationFeeAmt Col# 019 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students which is used to pay debt service associated with the renovation of the Husky Union Building, Ethnic Cultural Center, and Hall Health Primary Care Center. The Facilities Renovation Fee is a mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=6 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
SportsFieldFeeAmt Col# 020 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Bothell students in order to pay debt service associated with the Sports Field and accompanying recreational facilities.
ARCConstructionFeeAmt Col# 021 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to Bothell students that is used to pay debt service associated with the construction of the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 7
ARCProgrammingFeeAmt Col# 022 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Bothell students that is used to pay for student activities, programs or other operational costs associated with the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 8
YMCAFeeAmt Col# 023 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Tacoma students that is used to pay for debt service associated with the construction of the Tacoma University YMCA recreational facility. A Mandatory Fee for Tacoma students that is governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAndFeesAmt Col# 024 DataType: decimal (16,2)	The amount charged to students in US dollars for Autumn, Winter and Spring Quarters' tuition and mandatory fees at the University of Washington for the given Academic Fiscal Year, Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fee and the Building Fee (which make up Tuition) as well as all of the mandatory fees for the 3 main quarters. It does NOT include the UPass Fee.
<i>IV_JointCourseSectionBridge</i>	
A table used to create the link between the Joint Course Groups/Permanent Joint Course Groups and both IV_CourseSections and IV_StudentCourseSectionRegistrations. Under normal circumstances it should not be needed for direct use--it is solely an artifact of the building of the related tables and views.	
AcademicQtrKeyId Col# 001 DataType: int	The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
ScheduleLineNbr Col# 002 DataType: int	Schedule Line Number (SLN) of course offering.
JointCourseGroupKeyId Col# 003 DataType: int	The unique identifier of a Joint Course Group within a given Academic Quarter. Used with the AcademicQtrKeyId to link an individual Course Section to its other Joint Course Group Members and to the attributes of the entire group.
JointCourseSubGroupKeyId Col# 004 DataType: int	The unique identifier of a Joint Course SubGroup within a given Academic Quarter. A Joint Course SubGroup consists of 2 or more members (but less than all) of its parent Joint Course Group that share a Responsible Course that is not shared by the entire parent Joint Course Group. By definition all SubGroups will have a parent Joint Course Group Type of <i>Combination</i> while the SubGroup will be its own Group in the IV_JointCourseSectionPermanentGroups table (however that table uses its own keyid which is different from this one). Note that the SubGroup Key Id will NOT be used to link anything by end users--it is solely used in the development of the Joint Course tables.
CourseSectionCode Col# 005 DataType: varchar (16)	The concatenated Course Campus, Curriculum Abbreviation, CourseNbr, and SectionId with an underscore in between i.e. '0_BUS_101_A'. Useful for joining to other tables with CourseSectionCode. Note that the Curriculum Abbreviation has had trailing spaces removed.
PermanentJointCourseGroupKeyI Col# 006 DataType: int	The unique identifier of a Permanent Joint Course Group within a given Academic Quarter. Used with the AcademicQtrKeyId to link an individual Course Section to its other Permanent Joint Course Group Members and to the attributes of the entire group.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 007 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

IV_JointCourseSectionGroups

A table with one record per Joint Course Group per Academic Quarter. It provides a Joint Course Group Key Id that is used to link the member course sections together with the attributes/summary data for the entire group. The group record can be used in lieu of all of its member records (acting as a single combined Course Section) as it has a total student count and various SCH breakdowns to allow for many different uses.

AcademicQtrKeyld

Col# 001 DataType: int

The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.

JointCourseGroupKeyld

Col# 002 DataType: char (5)

The unique identifier of a Joint Course Group within a given Academic Quarter. Used with the AcademicQtrKeyld to link an individual Course Section to its other Joint Course Group Members and to the attributes of the entire group.

JointCourseGroupType

Col# 003 DataType: varchar (11)

The categorization of each group of cross-listed course sections into 3 possible types.

Valid Values:

- **Permanent** = A Joint Course Group created with a formal agreement between Academic Departments that determines which Organizational Unit will be responsible for administrative duties associated with the cross-listed course group (resulting in a singleResponsible Course for the group). Note that the course sections must be at the same hundred's level (i.e. the first digit of the course number must be the same). In addition, the course title, type and number of credit(s), grading system, and prerequisites of the course should be identical in every respect.
- **Adhoc** = A Joint Course Group created informally for many possible reasons with few restrictions. Unlike Permanent, they can and do cross-list course sections that are at different levels (400 level jointly offered as a 500 level is common) They can also have differing course titles, credits and other attributes.
- **Combination** = A Joint Course Group made up of either multiple Permanent subgroups or both Permanent and Adhoc portions.
-

ResponsibleCourseSectionCode

Col# 004 DataType: varchar (16)

The *Course Section Code* of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.

The*Course Section Code* is the concatenated Course Campus, Curriculum Abbreviation, CourseNbr, and SectionId with an underscore in between e.g. '0_BUS_101_A'.

Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.

Table/Column Name	Definition
ResponsibleCurriculumCode Col# 005 DataType: varchar (8)	<p>The <i>Curriculum Code</i> of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>The <i>Curriculum Code</i> is the concatenated Course Campus and Curriculum Abbreviation with an underscore in between e.g. '0_BUS'.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>
ResponsibleCampus Col# 006 DataType: smallint	<p>The Campus of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>
ResponsibleCurriculumAbbr Col# 007 DataType: varchar (6)	<p>The Curriculum Abbreviation of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>
ResponsibleCourseNbr Col# 008 DataType: smallint	<p>The Course Number of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>
ResponsibleCourseSectionId Col# 009 DataType: varchar (3)	<p>The Course Section Id of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>
ResponsibleSectionTypeCode Col# 010 DataType: char (2)	<p>The Section Type Code of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group.</p> <p>Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
ResponsibleSectionTypeDesc Col# 011 DataType: varchar (17)	The Section Type Description of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group. Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.
ResponsibleCourseLevelGroupCod Col# 012 DataType: varchar (25)	The Course Level Group Code of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group. Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.
ResponsibleCourseLevelCode Col# 013 DataType: varchar (25)	The Course Level Code of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group. Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.
ResponsibleCourseLevelNbr Col# 014 DataType: varchar (3)	The Course Level Number of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Joint Course Group. Note that for Permanent Groups, the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section, while for Ad-hoc, there is no Responsible Course, so the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of the entire Joint Course Group will be deemed the Responsible Course Section.
CrossLevelJointCourseGroupInd Col# 015 DataType: char (1)	Indicates when the Joint Course Group contains Course Sections from both Undergraduate and Graduate/Professional levels. Most commonly 400 level courses are cross-listed with 500 level courses. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this Joint Course Group contains both Undergrad and Grad/Prof level Course Sections • N = No, this Joint Course Group only has one level of Course Sections •
JointCourseGroupTotalSCH Col# 016 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.

Table/Column Name	Definition
JointCourseGroupUndergradFeeB Col# 017 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate, Fee-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupUndergradTuiti Col# 018 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupUndergradNonE Col# 019 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate, Non-Exempt, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupGradProfFeeBas Col# 020 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional Fee-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupGradProfTuition Col# 021 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupGradProfNonEx Col# 022 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional, Non-Exempt, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupAuditHours Col# 023 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Audit Hours for all of the Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupStudentCount Col# 024 DataType: smallint	The census day sum total of distinct student counts for all of this Joint Course Group's Member Course Sections.
JointCourseGroupComponentSect Col# 025 DataType: tinyint	The count of member Course Sections in the given Joint Course Group. Note that any Course Sections without valid registrations on Census Day will not be included in the Joint Course Group.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 026 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

IV_JointCourseSectionPermanentGroups

A table with one record per Permanent Joint Course Group per Academic Quarter. It provides a Group Key Id that is used to link the member course sections together with the attributes/summary data for the entire Permanent Joint Course Group. The group record can be used in lieu of all of its member records (acting as a single combined Course Section) as it has a total student count and various SCH breakdowns to allow for many different uses.

Note that only Permanent joint courses are included (some of these are from Parent Groups that are completely Permanent, others are from the Permanent portion of their Combination Parent groups--aka a subgroup)

AcademicQtrKeyId Col# 001 DataType: int	The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
PermanentJointCourseGroupKeyI Col# 002 DataType: char (5)	The unique identifier of a Permanent Joint Course Group within a given Academic Quarter. Used with the AcademicQtrKeyId to link an individual Course Section to its other Joint Course Group Members and to the attributes of the entire group.
PermanentJointCourseGroupType Col# 003 DataType: varchar (25)	The categorization of each group of official or permanent cross-listed course sections into 2 possible types. Valid Values:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MainGroupPermanent = A Permanent Joint Course Group made up of the same Course Section members as its Main/Parent Joint Course Group (all members of the Joint Course Group share the same responsible course and there are no SubGroups involved) • SubGroupPermanent = A Permanent Joint Course Group formed from a SubGroup (some, but not all of the Main/Parent Joint Course Group share a Responsible Course, so those that do share a Responsible Course, form a SubGroup). •
PermanentResponsibleCourseSect Col# 004 DataType: varchar (16)	The <i>Course Section Code</i> of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. The <i>Course Section Code</i> is the concatenated Course Campus, Curriculum Abbreviation, CourseNbr, and SectionId with an underscore in between e.g. '0_BUS_101_A'. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCurriculum Col# 005 DataType: varchar (8)	The <i>Curriculum Code</i> of the Course Section that has been deemed the Responsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. The <i>Curriculum Code</i> is the concatenated Course Campus and Curriculum Abbreviation with an underscore in between e.g. '0_BUS'. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.

Table/Column Name	Definition
PermanentResponsibleCampus Col# 006 DataType: smallint	The Campus of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCurriculum Col# 007 DataType: varchar (6)	The Curriculum Abbreviation of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCourseNbr Col# 008 DataType: smallint	The Course Number of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCourseSect Col# 009 DataType: varchar (3)	The Course Section Id of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleSectionTyp Col# 010 DataType: char (2)	The Section Type Code of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleSectionTyp Col# 011 DataType: varchar (17)	The Section Type Description of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCourseLev Col# 012 DataType: varchar (25)	The Course Level Group Code of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCourseLev Col# 013 DataType: varchar (25)	The Course Level Code of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentResponsibleCourseLev Col# 014 DataType: varchar (3)	The Course Level Number of the Course Section that has been deemed theResponsible Course Section for the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that the Responsible Course is formally determined and recorded in the SDB and the largest (determined by number of students enrolled) section of that given Course will be the Responsible Course Section.
PermanentCrossLevelJointCourse Col# 015 DataType: char (1)	Indicates when the Permanent Joint Course Group contains Course Sections from both Undergraduate and Graduate/Professional levels. Note that by definition, Permanent Joint Course Groups should never be allowed across levels, so all values should be N. Potential Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y = Yes, this Permanent Joint Course Group contains both Undergrad and Grad/Prof level Course Sections • N = No, this Permanent Joint Course Group only has one level of Course Sections •

Table/Column Name	Definition
PermanentJointCourseGroupTotal Col# 016 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupUnd Col# 017 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate Fee-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupUnd Col# 018 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupUnd Col# 019 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Undergraduate, Non-Exempt, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupGrad Col# 020 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional Fee-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupGrad Col# 021 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupGrad Col# 022 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day sum total of Graduate or Professional, Non-Exempt, Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupAudi Col# 023 DataType: decimal (7,1)	The census day total of Audit Hours for all of the Permanent Joint Course Group Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupStud Col# 024 DataType: smallint	The census day sum total of distinct student counts for all of this Permanent Joint Course Group's Member Course Sections.
PermanentJointCourseGroupCom Col# 025 DataType: tinyint	The count of member Course Sections in the given Permanent Joint Course Group. Note that any Course Sections without valid registrations on Census Day will not be included in the Permanent Joint Course Group.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 026 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

Table/Column Name Definition

IV_QuarterlyTuitionAndFeesByCreditHour

The quarterly tuition and fees for each Academic Quarter and Tuition Code and broken down into the component Fees for both Tuition and Mandatory Fees including a breakdown of the Operating and Building Fees into their Resident Portions and Non-Resident Differentials.

AcademicQtrKeyId The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
Col# 001 DataType: int

TuitionYr Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018.
Col# 002 DataType: int

It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End

TuitionCampus Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.
Valid Values:
Col# 003 DataType: tinyint
• Seattle (0)
• Bothell (1)
• Tacoma (2)

TuitionCode A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency.
Col# 004 DataType: smallint
This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.

Credits The number of Tuition-Based Credit Hours which along with the Tuition Code determines the amount that will be charged for the given fee.
Col# 005 DataType: tinyint

TuitionCodeName A brief description of the Tuition Code
Col# 006 DataType: varchar (80)

TuitionCategory An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category.
Col# 007 DataType: smallint

Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group.

See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionCategoryName Col# 008 DataType: varchar (100)	A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionGroup Col# 009 DataType: smallint	An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is one step above Tuition Category in the hierarchy of grouping Tuition Codes, but it is very closely related to Tuition Category in that many of the Groups are identical to Categories in both makeup (Tuition Codes included) and name. The most common case in which one or more Tuition Categories are combined into a single Tuition Group is when cohort pricing is used. e.g. if tuition differs for Dentistry Incoming and Dentistry 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Year students, these would be combined into a single Tuition Group, which would be called Dentistry. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionGroupName Col# 010 DataType: varchar (100)	A brief description of the Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionResidency Col# 011 DataType: tinyint	The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident
TuitionResidencyName Col# 012 DataType: varchar (15)	The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident
TotalBuildingFeeAmt Col# 013 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The total amount in US dollars of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).

Table/Column Name	Definition
BuildingFeeResidentPortion Col# 014 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The amount in US dollars of only the resident portion of the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure (e.g. minor works and preservation projects).</p> <p>Byresident portion here we mean the amount that residents of the state of Washington are charged for the Building Fee. For resident students, this would be their entire Building Fee, but for Non-Resident students, this would be only the portion of their total fee that matches the amount charged for the equivalent resident tuition code. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the resident portion for both would be \$40.</p>
BuildingFeeNonResidentDifferential Col# 015 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Building Fee is the component of tuition charged to students for expenses related to capital infrastructure. The NonResident Differential is the amount of difference, in US dollars, between the Total Building Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus.</p> <p>For resident students, this would always be zero, but for Non-Resident students, this would be their total building fee less the amount charged for Resident Tuition in the same Tuition Category and Campus. e.g. if a resident student is charged \$40 for the building fee and a non-resident is charged \$50, then the non-resident differential would be \$10 for the non-resident student and \$0 for the resident student.</p>
TotalOperatingFeeAmt Col# 016 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>Corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=2</p>
OperatingFeeResidentPortion Col# 017 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The Resident Portion of the Operating Fee is the part of that Operating Fee that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the TotalOperatingFee will always equal the OperatingFeeResidentPortion, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion</p>
OperatingFeeNonResidentDiffere Col# 018 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The Operating Fee is the component of tuition in US dollars that is charged to students to cover instruction-related expenses (e.g. faculty salaries).</p> <p>The NonResident Differential Operating Fee is the difference between the total Operating Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident Tuition in the given Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the OperatingFeeNonResidentDifferential will always be zero, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a TotalOperatingFee that is much greater than the OperatingFeeResidentPortion--resulting in a Differential value greater than zero.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAmt Col# 019 DataType: decimal (8,2)	The amount charged to students in US dollars for tuition at the University of Washington for the given Academic Quarter, Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fee and the Building Fee.
ServicesAndActivitiesFeeAmt Col# 020 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to students in order to fund student activities and programs or to pay toward bonds that fund new buildings, land or facilities.
TechnologyFeeAmt Col# 021 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to fund technology resources for student use. Each campus maintains its own student-run Tech Fee Committee.
IMABondFeeAmt Col# 022 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students in order to pay debt service associated with the Intramural Activities (IMA) building and accompanying recreational facilities. A mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=5 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
FacilitiesRenovationFeeAmt Col# 023 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Seattle students which is used to pay debt service associated with the renovation of the Husky Union Building, Ethnic Cultural Center, and Hall Health Primary Care Center. The Facilities Renovation Fee is a mandatory fee that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index=6 for Seattle Tuition Codes.
SportsFieldFeeAmt Col# 024 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The amount in US dollars charged to Bothell students in order to pay debt service associated with the Sports Field and accompanying recreational facilities.
ARCConstructionFeeAmt Col# 025 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to Bothell students that is used to pay debt service associated with the construction of the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 7
ARCProgrammingFeeAmt Col# 026 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Bothell students that is used to pay for student activities, programs or other operational costs associated with the Bothell Activities and Recreation Center (ARC) A Mandatory Fee for Bothell students (governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee) that corresponds to the SDB Sourced Fee Index= 8
YMCAFeeAmt Col# 027 DataType: decimal (7,2)	The US dollar amount charged to UW Tacoma students that is used to pay for debt service associated with the construction of the Tacoma University YMCA recreational facility. A Mandatory Fee for Tacoma students that is governed by the Services and Activities Fee Committee

Table/Column Name	Definition
TotalTuitionAndFeesAmt Col# 028 DataType: decimal (16,2)	<p>The amount charged to students in US dollars for tuition and all mandatory fees at the University of Washington for the given Academic Quarter, Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours</p> <p>Comprised of the sum of the Operating Fee and the Building Fee (which make up Tuition) as well as all of the mandatory fees. It does NOT include the UPass Fee.</p>
<i>OPB_ActualCollections</i>	
<p>The amount of Tuition Revenue actually collected by the UW for each Academic Fiscal Year and Campus. This is used to determine the proper Calibration Factor to use in estimating future Tuition Revenue.</p>	
AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.</p> <p>For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).</p>
TuitionCampus Col# 002 DataType: smallint	<p>Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)
ActualOperatingFeeCollectionsAm Col# 003 DataType: decimal (12,2)	<p>The Actual Amount in US dollars of Operating Fees collected during the given Academic Fiscal Year for each Campus. Note that this amount is determined in the Spring Quarter of the Academic Fiscal Year in question and is used to calculate a calibration factor for future Operating Fee Revenue estimations.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 004 DataType: datetime	<p>The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.</p>

OPB_AdditionalAidPool

The additional aid pool amounts for each Academic Fiscal Year broken down by Tuition Category, Campus and Residency. Only those records with an ABB Status of Fixed and Final are applicable to official ABB calculations. The Additional Aid Pool concept acknowledges the fact that decisions made about using additional revenue for student aid are influenced by so many different factors that it cannot be automated or based entirely on percentages. This table captures the Tuition Revenue dollar amounts decided upon historically for the given Academic Fiscal Year, Tuition Category, Tuition Campus and Tuition Residency that were used for aid in addition to the 3% Need/1% Merit Waivers and the Financial Aid set-aside.

AcademicFiscalYr

Col# 001 DataType: int

An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.

For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).

TuitionCampus

Col# 002 DataType: smallint

Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.

Valid Values:

- Seattle (0)
- Bothell (1)
- Tacoma (2)

TuitionCategory

Col# 003 DataType: smallint

An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category.

Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group.

See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.

TuitionResidency

Col# 004 DataType: tinyint

The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.

Valid Values:

- 1 = Resident
- 2 = Nonresident

Table/Column Name	Definition
AdditionalAidPoolAmt Col# 005 DataType: decimal (11,2)	The Amount of Operating Fee Revenue in US dollars approved by the Regents to use for Student Financial Aid for the given Academic Fiscal Year, and Tuition Category/Campus/Residency. This is in addition to the strictly percentage based Need/Merit Pool and Student Financial Aid Set-Aside Amounts that also come from Operating Fee Revenue.
ABBStatus Col# 006 DataType: varchar (15)	In order to provide both timely and stable numbers for ABB, temporary data (labeled asTentative) for the Additional Aid Pool Amounts <i>may</i> be loaded until theFixed and Final data becomes available.
RecordLoadDttm Col# 007 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

OPB_AnnualFullTimeTuitionAndFees

The amount of tuition (building and operating fees) and all other mandatory fees that a student with a given tuition code would be charged if enrolled full-time for Autumn, Winter, and Spring quarters

TuitionYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018.</p> <p>It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End</p>
TuitionCampus Col# 002 DataType: tinyint	<p>Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)
TuitionCode Col# 003 DataType: smallint	<p>A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency.</p> <p>This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
SDBSrcFeeIndex Col# 004 DataType: tinyint	<p>An integer used by the Student DataBase (SDB) as an incremental index to distinguish between the tuition component and mandatory fees that are charged to students who are enrolled in Tuition-Based programs. This number is used along with the Tuition Campus to determine the Fee Name for the given Academic Quarter. To determine actual fee amounts, the student's Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours are also needed.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Building Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 2 = Operating Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 3 = Services and Activities Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 4 = Technology Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 5,6,7,8 = Campus Specific Fees. See the OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames table for details. •
TuitionCodeName Col# 005 DataType: varchar (80)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Code</p>
TuitionCategory Col# 006 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category.</p> <p>Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionCategoryName Col# 007 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionGroup Col# 008 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is one step above Tuition Category in the hierarchy of grouping Tuition Codes, but it is very closely related to Tuition Category in that many of the Groups are identical to Categories in both makeup (Tuition Codes included) and name. The most common case in which one or more Tuition Categories are combined into a single Tuition Group is when cohort pricing is used. e.g. if tuition differs for Dentistry Incoming and Dentistry 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Year students, these would be combined into a single Tuition Group, which would be called Dentistry.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionGroupName Col# 009 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionResidency Col# 010 DataType: tinyint	<p>The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident
TuitionResidencyName Col# 011 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident
FeeAmt Col# 012 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The amount in US dollars for the associated fee to be charged to the given student based on their Tuition Code and Credit Hours.</p>
ResidentFeeAmt Col# 013 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>Only the Building Fee and the Operating Fee (both components of tuition in US dollars) are separated into their respective Resident Portion and NonResident Differential amounts. The NonResident Differential is the difference between the Total Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the Resident Portion will always be equal to the Total Fee Amount, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a Total Fee that is much greater than the ResidentFeeAmt.</p>
NonResidentDifferentialFeeAmt Col# 014 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>Only the Building Fee and the Operating Fee (both components of tuition in US dollars) are separated into their respective Resident Portion and NonResident Differential amounts. The NonResident Differential is the difference between the Total Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the NonResidentDifferential will always be zero, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a Total Fee that is much greater than the ResidentPortion--resulting in a Differential value greater than zero.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 015 DataType: datetime	<p>The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.</p>

OPB_QuarterlyTuitionAndFeesByCredit

The amount of tuition (building and operating fees) and all other mandatory fees that a student with a given tuition code will be charged in a given year and quarter if they take a specific number of credits (between two and fifty)

Table/Column Name	Definition
AcademicQtrKeyld Col# 001 DataType: int	The calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term i.e. 20064 represents Autumn 2006. Allows for sorting in proper chronological order as well as simpler joining between tables.
TuitionCampus Col# 002 DataType: tinyint	Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)
TuitionCode Col# 003 DataType: smallint	A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency. This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
SDBSrcFeeIndex Col# 004 DataType: tinyint	An integer used by the Student DataBase (SDB) as an incremental index to distinguish between the tuition component and mandatory fees that are charged to students who are enrolled in Tuition-Based programs. This number is used along with the Tuition Campus to determine the Fee Name for the given Academic Quarter. To determine actual fee amounts, the student's Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours are also needed. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Building Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 2 = Operating Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 3 = Services and Activities Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 4 = Technology Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 5,6,7,8 = Campus Specific Fees. See the OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames table for details. •
Credits Col# 005 DataType: tinyint	The number of Tuition-Based Credit Hours which along with the Tuition Code determines the amount that will be charged for the given fee.
TuitionYr Col# 006 DataType: int	Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018. It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End

Table/Column Name	Definition
AcademicQtr Col# 007 DataType: tinyint	An integer which represents one of four academic instructional periods within an academic year. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Winter • 2 = Spring • 3 = Summer • 4 = Autumn
TuitionCodeName Col# 008 DataType: varchar (80)	A brief description of the Tuition Code
TuitionCategory Col# 009 DataType: smallint	An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category. Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionCategoryName Col# 010 DataType: varchar (100)	A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionGroup Col# 011 DataType: smallint	An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is one step above Tuition Category in the hierarchy of grouping Tuition Codes, but it is very closely related to Tuition Category in that many of the Groups are identical to Categories in both makeup (Tuition Codes included) and name. The most common case in which one or more Tuition Categories are combined into a single Tuition Group is when cohort pricing is used. e.g. if tuition differs for Dentistry Incoming and Dentistry 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Year students, these would be combined into a single Tuition Group, which would be called Dentistry. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.
TuitionGroupName Col# 012 DataType: varchar (100)	A brief description of the Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionResidency Col# 013 DataType: tinyint	<p>The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident
TuitionResidencyName Col# 014 DataType: varchar (15)	<p>The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident
FeeAmt Col# 015 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The amount in US dollars for the associated fee to be charged to the given student based on their Tuition Code and Credit Hours.</p>
ResidentFeeAmt Col# 016 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>Only the Building Fee and the Operating Fee (both components of tuition in US dollars) are separated into their respective Resident Portion and NonResident Differential amounts. The NonResident Differential is the difference between the Total Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the Resident Portion will always be equal to the Total Fee Amount, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a Total Fee that is much greater than the ResidentFeeAmt.</p>
NonResidentDifferentialFeeAmt Col# 017 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>Only the Building Fee and the Operating Fee (both components of tuition in US dollars) are separated into their respective Resident Portion and NonResident Differential amounts. The NonResident Differential is the difference between the Total Fee and the amount that is charged for Resident version of the given Fee in the same Tuition Category and Campus. This means that for Resident Tuition Codes, the NonResidentDifferential will always be zero, while Non-Resident Tuition Codes will typically have a Total Fee that is much greater than the ResidentPortion--resulting in a Differential value greater than zero.</p>
SurchargeAmt Col# 018 DataType: decimal (7,2)	<p>The portion of the Operating Fee that is calculated based on the number of credits exceeding the 18 credit hour upper threshold for all tuition codes but Medicine (MD) and Dentistry (DDS), which are not subject to a surcharge.</p> <p>Note that the FeeAmt already includes the Surcharge Amount, so do NOT add the 2 together, rather you could subtract the SurchargeAmt from the FeeAmt to get the normal Full-Time Tuition rate.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 019 DataType: datetime	<p>The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.</p>

OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames

The Campus specific names and descriptions for each portion of Tuition and each Mandatory Fee (listed by Campus Code and SDB Sourced Fee Index).

TuitionCampus

Col# 001 DataType: tinyint

Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.

Valid Values:

- Seattle (0)
- Bothell (1)
- Tacoma (2)

SDBSrcFeeIndex

Col# 002 DataType: tinyint

An integer used by the Student DataBase (SDB) as an incremental index to distinguish between the tuition component and mandatory fees that are charged to students who are enrolled in Tuition-Based programs. This number is used along with the Tuition Campus to determine the Fee Name for the given Academic Quarter. To determine actual fee amounts, the student's Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours are also needed.

Valid Values:

- 1 = Building Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses).
- 2 = Operating Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses).
- 3 = Services and Activities Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses).
- 4 = Technology Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses).
- 5,6,7,8 = Campus Specific Fees. See the OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames table for details.
-

BeginAcademicQtrKeyId

Col# 003 DataType: int

The first Academic Quarter in which this instance of this particular Fee Name can be used.

The Academic Quarter is in the AcademicQtrKeyId format, i.e. the calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term e.g. 20064 represents Autumn 2006.

EndAcademicQtrKeyId

Col# 004 DataType: int

The last Academic Quarter in which this instance of this particular Fee Name should be used.

The Academic Quarter is in the AcademicQtrKeyId format, i.e. the calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term e.g. 20064 represents Autumn 2006.

FeeName

Col# 005 DataType: varchar (50)

The Name of the Fee in CamelCase that will be used for the Column Name when Tuition and Fees are pivoted to show the actual amounts charged for the given tuition code, quarter and credit hour total for all fees together in one record.

Table/Column Name	Definition
SDBSrcFeeName Col# 006 DataType: varchar (25)	An integer used by the Student DataBase (SDB) as an incremental index to distinguish between the tuition component and mandatory fees that are charged to students who are enrolled in Tuition-Based programs. This number is used along with the Tuition Campus to determine the Fee Name for the given Academic Quarter. To determine actual fee amounts, the student's Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours are also needed. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Building Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 2 = Operating Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 3 = Services and Activities Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 4 = Technology Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 5,6,7,8 = Campus Specific Fees. See the OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames table for details. •
FeeReportingName Col# 007 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Fee in title case with spaces.
FeeDesc Col# 008 DataType: varchar (255)	A detailed description of the given Tuition component or mandatory fee.
FeeGovernance Col# 009 DataType: varchar (255)	The group responsible for submitting recommended fee amounts to the Regents for approval and the RCW under which the University of Washington is allowed to charge the fee.
TuitionInd Col# 010 DataType: char (1)	Indicates the given fee is a part of Tuition i.e. The Building Fee or the Operating Fee. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y= Yes this fee is a component of tuition. • N= No this fee is NOT a part of tuition. •
RecordLoadDttm Col# 011 DataType: datetime	The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup

This table shows the connection between tuition code (each tuition-based student is assigned a tuition code), TuitionCampus, TuitionCategory, Tuition Group and Tuition Residency. Each TuitionCampus, Category, and Residency combination will be associated with one TuitionCode but it is possible that more than one TuitionCode will be associated with a given Campus, Category, and Residency combination. Tuition groups are simply groupings of tuition categories used to report tuition revenue for Activity Based Budgeting (ABB) purposes.

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>Tuition Codes and their corresponding charge rates are approved and implemented on an annual basis starting in the Fall, so the Tuition Year is the four-digit number representing the year beginning with Fall/Autumn Academic Quarter and ending with Summer Quarter. e.g. Tuition Year 2018 is comprised of Fall 2017, Winter 2018, Spring 2018 and Summer 2018.</p> <p>It can be derived from the CalendarYr and AcademicQtr fields using the following: Case When AcademicQtr=4 Then CalendarYr + 1 Else CalendarYr End</p>
TuitionCampus Col# 002 DataType: smallint	<p>Code that identifies the campus to which the given Tuition and Fees record applies.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seattle (0) • Bothell (1) • Tacoma (2)
TuitionCode Col# 003 DataType: smallint	<p>A 3-digit code that represents a combination of a Tuition Category, Campus, and Residency.</p> <p>This along with the number of tuition-based credit hours for which a student is enrolled, determines the amount of tuition a student will be charged for a given quarter. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionCodeName Col# 004 DataType: varchar (80)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Code</p>
TuitionCategory Col# 005 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is independent of both Tuition Residency and Tuition Campus and typically combines the resident and non-resident versions of Tuition for the same range of academic programs from all campuses into one Category.</p> <p>Tuition Category is the middle point in the Tuition Grouping Hierarchy, above Tuition Code and Below Tuition Group.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionCategoryName Col# 006 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Category as seen on the Tuition Schedules posted online. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionResidency Col# 007 DataType: tinyint	<p>The integer representing the residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Resident • 2 = Nonresident

Table/Column Name	Definition
TuitionResidencyName Col# 008 DataType: varchar (12)	<p>The residency of the Tuition rate charged to the student, typically based on the student's Residency Classification though it is not always the case. Residency here meaning a resident of the state of Washington and Tuition Residency meaning whether one pays an in-state or out-of-state Tuition rate.</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resident • Nonresident
TuitionGroup Col# 009 DataType: smallint	<p>An integer that classifies the type of Tuition assigned to students that is generally based on the academic program(s) they are enrolled in. It is one step above Tuition Category in the hierarchy of grouping Tuition Codes, but it is very closely related to Tuition Category in that many of the Groups are identical to Categories in both makeup (Tuition Codes included) and name. The most common case in which one or more Tuition Categories are combined into a single Tuition Group is when cohort pricing is used. e.g. if tuition differs for Dentistry Incoming and Dentistry 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Year students, these would be combined into a single Tuition Group, which would be called Dentistry.</p> <p>See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
TuitionGroupName Col# 010 DataType: varchar (100)	<p>A brief description of the Tuition Group. See the OPB_TuitionCodeCategoryGroup table for a list of valid values.</p>
RecordLoadDttm Col# 011 DataType: datetime	<p>The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.</p>
OPB_WaiverBudgetNumbers	
<p>The Budget number under which waivers representing foregone revenue, exemptions, and the need/merit waiver pool are awarded.</p>	
AcademicFiscalYr Col# 001 DataType: int	<p>An adjustment of the actual fiscal year in order to fit the entire academic year into one fiscal year. The academic year begins with the first day of Summer Quarter (usually mid-late June), while the fiscal year always starts on July 1st. Academic Fiscal Year mimics the actual fiscal year except for those days in mid-late June that are in a new academic year yet still in the old fiscal year. Those days are assigned to the new fiscal year.</p> <p>For example, the Academic Year of 2012/2013 began on June 18th, 2012, and the fiscal year of 2013 began on July 1st, 2012. The Academic Fiscal Year of 2013 extends from June 18th, 2012 through June 23rd, 2013 the same dates as the Academic Year 2012/2013, while Academic Fiscal Year 2014 is June 24th, 2013 through June 22nd, 2014 (again, the same dates as the Academic Year 2013/2014).</p>
BudgetNumber Col# 002 DataType: int	<p>In general, the Budget Number is a six-digit control number that is assigned to a particular department, division, function, activity, or objective. It identifies cost and responsibility centers at the University for accounting and budgeting purpose.</p> <p>In this Student Financial Aid/Tuition Waiver context, the Budget Number can also be referred to as the Fund Number as it is identifying the specific funding source for the given student tuition waiver.</p>

Table/Column Name	Definition
WaiverCategory Col# 003 DataType: smallint	An integer used to classify individual tuition waivers based on the budget number/fund from which they are sourced. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = TA/RA Resident Tuition • 2 = TA/RA Nonresident Differential • 3 = ICA Gender Equity • 5 = WWAMI • 6 = WICHE • 7 = Over 18 Hour Exemption • 8 = International Exchange • 9 = Faculty/Staff/Family Nonresident Differential • 10 = Child of Deceased Police/Fire/Highway • 11 = Military/Veterans/Dependents • 12 = Other • 13 = Grad/Prof Nonresident Differential • 14 = Other Nonresident Differential • 15 = Summer • 16 = 3% Need • 17 = 1% Merit • 18 = Exemptions
SDBSrcFeeIndex Col# 004 DataType: tinyint	An integer used by the Student DataBase (SDB) as an incremental index to distinguish between the tuition component and mandatory fees that are charged to students who are enrolled in Tuition-Based programs. This number is used along with the Tuition Campus to determine the Fee Name for the given Academic Quarter. To determine actual fee amounts, the student's Tuition Code, and Tuition-Based Student Credit Hours are also needed. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Building Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 2 = Operating Fee. A component of Tuition (all campuses). • 3 = Services and Activities Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 4 = Technology Fee. A mandatory fee (all campuses). • 5,6,7,8 = Campus Specific Fees. See the OPB_TuitionAndFeeNames table for details. •
SDBSrcFundTitle Col# 005 DataType: varchar (30)	The name of the budget number (fund number) directly sourced from the fund_long_title column in the UWSDBDataStore table sa_sf_fund .

Table/Column Name	Definition
PercentWaived Col# 006 DataType: decimal (4,3)	<p>The Percentage of the given Fee that is allowed to be waived for the given Budget/Fund Number without respect to the Residency of the Tuition Code.</p> <p>Note that waivers from certain Budget/Fund Numbers only apply to the Resident Portion of the Building and/or Operating Fee and others only apply to the Non-Resident Differential Amounts. This Percentage covers only Budget/Fund Numbers that apply to either the entire Operating/Building Fee or apply to one of the other Fees that cannot be split into Resident Portion and Non-Resident Differential Amounts.</p>
PercentResidentFeeWaived Col# 007 DataType: decimal (4,3)	<p>The Percentage of the Resident Portion of the given Fee that is allowed to be waived for the given Budget/Fund Number.</p> <p>Note that this only applies to the Building Fee and the Operating Fee as the other Fees are not separated into Resident Portion and Non-Resident Differential Amounts.</p>
PercentNonResidentDifferentialW Col# 008 DataType: decimal (4,3)	<p>The Percentage of the Non-Resident Differential of the given Fee that is allowed to be waived for the given Budget/Fund Number.</p> <p>Note that this only applies to the Building Fee and the Operating Fee as the other Fees are not separated into Resident Portion and Non-Resident Differential Amounts.</p>
SurchargeWaivedFlag Col# 009 DataType: tinyint	<p>Indicates that a given waiver (as represented by a specific budget number) is to be used to waive the Surcharge Amount (the amount charged for any tuition-based credit hours above the 18 hour threshold for Full-Time Tuition).</p> <p>Valid Values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = No, This Waiver cannot be used to cover the Surcharge Amount • 1 = Yes, This Waiver does apply to the Surcharge Amount •
RecordLoadDttm Col# 010 DataType: datetime	<p>The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.</p>

OPB_WaiverCategories

Broad categories of waiver programs (where a "waiver program" involves foregone revenue, an exemption, or the need/merit waiver pool. Examples are Veterans.....

Table/Column Name	Definition
WaiverCategory Col# 001 DataType: smallint	An integer used to classify individual tuition waivers based on the budget number/fund from which they are sourced. Valid Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = TA/RA Resident Tuition • 2 = TA/RA Nonresident Differential • 3 = ICA Gender Equity • 5 = WWAMI • 6 = WICHE • 7 = Over 18 Hour Exemption • 8 = International Exchange • 9 = Faculty/Staff/Family Nonresident Differential • 10 = Child of Deceased Police/Fire/Highway • 11 = Military/Veterans/Dependents • 12 = Other • 13 = Grad/Prof Nonresident Differential • 14 = Other Nonresident Differential • 15 = Summer • 16 = 3% Need • 17 = 1% Merit • 18 = Exemptions
BeginAcademicQtrKeyld Col# 002 DataType: int	The first Academic Quarter in which this instance of this particular Waiver Category can be used. The Academic Quarter is in the AcademicQtrKeyld format, i.e. the calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term e.g. 20064 represents Autumn 2006.
EndAcademicQtrKeyld Col# 003 DataType: int	The last Academic Quarter in which this instance of this particular Waiver Category should be used. The Academic Quarter is in the AcademicQtrKeyld format, i.e. the calendar year and academic quarter code concatenated to create a 5 digit number identifying a distinct academic term e.g. 20064 represents Autumn 2006.
WaiverCategoryName Col# 004 DataType: varchar (50)	The name of the Waiver Category (broad programs used to reduce tuition and fees--representing foregone revenue or awards given from the waiver need/merit pool)
WaiverCategoryDesc Col# 005 DataType: varchar (255)	A detailed description of the Waiver Category.

Table/Column Name

Definition

RecordLoadDttm

The date and time this particular record was loaded into the given table.

Col# 006 DataType: datetime